# The Development Of Political Parties

**Big Idea Questions**

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<th>Whose presidency is associated with the “Era of Good Feelings”?</th>
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## The 1st Party System: 1790s - 1824

- **Washington’s Farewell Address:**
  - Warned against the formation of ___________________________ ___________________________ and foreign alliances
  - The nation’s first two parties emerged out of debates over foreign policy (French Revolution)
- **Federalists:**
  - Led by ___________________________
  - Pro-British, supported by merchants and wealthy, favored a strong central government, industrial society, __________________________ interpretation, heavy presence in New England
  - Only president was John Adams
- **Democratic-Republicans (Jeffersonians)**
  - NOT the same as today’s Democrats or Republicans
  - Led by ___________________________
  - Pro-French, supported by farmers, favored a weaker national government, agrarian society, strict interpretation
  - The Federalist Party disappeared in the early 1800s, leading to the “Era of Good Feelings” - ___ political party

## The Second Party System: 1828 - 1856

- **Democrats:**
  - Began with the election of ___________________________
  - Martin Van Buren organized the party and created a “machine”
  - “Rotation in office” or “_______________ System”
  - Elimination of many voting requirements for white males
  - Supported by farmers, urban workers, immigrants (__________)
  - Against Henry Clay’s __________________________ - Bank of US, Internal Improvements, and Tariffs
- **Whigs:**
  - Formed in response to “__________________________ I”
  - Supported Henry Clay’s American System
  - Supported by Industrialists and wealthy planters, those that disliked Jackson (John Tyler)

## The Republican Party (1850s)

- When were they formed?
  - 1850s in response to the ___________________________
- What was their platform?
  - Nonextension of slavery into the western territories
  - It was NOT to abolish slavery, but to keep it from spreading
    - Similar to the ___________________________
- 1st President?
What does “Free Silver” mean?

Abe Lincoln

Other beliefs?

Favored ________ tariffs, Development of infrastructure (RRs)

1860 – 1920s: Republicans And Democrats

Democrats dominated political control in the South, especially post-Reconstruction

Election of 1896 - milestone

Democrats - ____________________________ (Populist Party too)

Campaigned on “Free Silver”, supported by farmers

Republicans - ____________________________

__________ tariffs and gold standard

Republicans remained in control until.......

1932: The New Deal Coalition

Election of 1932:

FDR (D) vs. incumbent Hoover (R)

__________ overwhelmingly wins

Who supported FDR?

Labor unions, Southerners, Catholics, those that lived in cities, and ____________________________

Truman, JFK, and LBJ all continued with policies that aligned with or extended the New Deal

1968 - Present

Election of 1968:

Nixon (R), Humphrey (D), Wallace (American Independent Party)

Nixon’s Southern Strategy:

Nixon focused on ____________________________

__________________________

Appealed to many in the South and those that supported the Vietnam War and were weary of Civil Rights Protests

Beginning with this election, the South began to vote Republican

3rd Parties

Third parties typically:

Focus on ____________________________ issues:

Prohibition, Marijuana, Economics, etc.

Broke off from one of the major two parties:

Roosevelt’s ____________________________ or Bull Moose Party in 1912

Often once their issues are adopted by one of the two parties, they decline
Quick Recap

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Test Tips

- Multiple-Choice:
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- Free Response:
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