

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Gov Review Video #47: Important Civil Liberties To Know

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
Who is credited with creating the Bill of Rights?	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>The Bill Of Rights</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Added in 1791</li><li>➤ First _____ Amendments listing protections from the government</li><li>➤ Originally (Barron v. Baltimore - 1833), the Bill of Rights applied ONLY to the _____, not state governments</li><li>➤ In 1925 (Gitlow v. New York) began to apply some parts (1st amendment) to state governments<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ More in a future video on the _____</li></ul></li></ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>1<sup>st</sup> Amendment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Freedom of Speech<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ “Congress shall make no law abridging the freedom of speech or of the press.”</li><li>➤ However, the “_____” test can limit speech<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Can’t yell “_____” in a theater</li></ul></li></ul></li><li>➤ _____ Clause:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ “Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof...”</li><li>➤ _____ (1962):<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ School sponsored prayer is unconstitutional</li></ul></li><li>➤ Lemon v. Kurtzman (1971):<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Aid to private religious schools may not promote religion</li><li>➤ Example: _____</li></ul></li><li>➤ Reynolds v. US (1879):<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Government can regulate religious activities that violate nation’s laws</li><li>➤ _____</li></ul></li></ul></li><li>➤ Freedom of the Press<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ _____:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Government attempts to prohibit the press from _____ information</li><li>➤ New York Times v. United States (1971)<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Issue: publication of the _____</li><li>➤ Supreme Court ruled the government could NOT stop the publication</li></ul></li></ul></li><li>➤ _____ do not have the same leeway<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier (1988)</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Rights Of The Accused</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Habeas Corpus:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Guaranteed a _____ if arrested</li><li>➤ _____ suspended it during the Civil War (only</li></ul></li></ul>	

Congress can)

- \_\_\_\_\_:
- Can't be punished for doing something when it was legal, if it is now illegal
- Bills of Attainder:
  - Can't be punished without a \_\_\_\_\_

### 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment

- "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated."
- \_\_\_\_\_ Rule:
  - Not allowing into a trial evidence seized without a \_\_\_\_\_
- Mapp v. Ohio (1961):
  - Exclusionary Rule applied to \_\_\_\_\_ (Incorporation Doctrine)

### 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment

- "The accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial.... to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence."
  - The right to counsel was extended to \_\_\_\_\_ crimes as well

### Miranda Rights

- Must be made aware of Constitutional rights at time of arrest:
  - Right to \_\_\_\_\_
  - Right to an attorney
- Miranda v. Arizona
  - Miranda confessed to a crime without knowing his Constitutional rights
  - His case was thrown out

### Right To Privacy

- NOT mentioned in the \_\_\_\_\_
- Established in Griswold v. Connecticut (1965):
  - Overturned a Connecticut law banning \_\_\_\_\_
  - Supreme Court implied that there is a "Right to Privacy" in the Constitution
  - Set the stage for...
- \_\_\_\_\_ (1973):
  - Legalized \_\_\_\_\_
  - One of the most controversial decisions of the past 44 years

### Test Tips

- Multiple-Choice:
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_

➤ Free Response:



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_